

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal--Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00, if paid in advance.
Or \$2.50, if not paid in the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1.00 per square for 3 weeks;
25 for each cent.

VOL. LVII.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1857.

NO. 49.

Professional Cards.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care.

Office in the Diamond, adjoining store of A. B. Kuehn.

Gettysburg, Feb. 4.

WM. B. MCLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the 'Sentinel' Office.

Dec. 23.

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book Store, Chambersburg street.

For Pensions and Patents.

Bounty Land Warrants. Back-Pay Suspenders.

Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Land for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents on hand for all Warrants there.

Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

Physician.

Has his Office at the west of the Lutheran Church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite J. S. Grammer's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

Dr. C. N. Berleuchy, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D.

"D. Horner, Prof. M. P. Jacobs,

"H. S. Huber, "H. L. Baugher,

"D. Hilbert, "H. A. Muhlenberg,

Rev. R. Johnston, "M. L. Stover.

April 18.

BOUNTY LAND CLAIMS.

THE undersigned will attend promptly to the collection of claims for BOUNTY LANDS under the late act of Congress.

Those who have already received 40 or 80 Acres, can now receive the balance by calling on the subscriber and making the necessary application.

JOEL B. DANNER.

Gettysburg, March 12.

ATTENTION, ONE AND ALL!

NOW IS THE TIME

To Have Your Picture Taken.

SAMUEL WEAVER having provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT DAGUERREAN ROOM at his residence in West Middle street, opposite Prof. Jacobs, one square West of Baltimore street, is now prepared to furnish

AMBROTYPES & DAGUERREOTYPES in every style of art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction. His long experience and superior apparatus give him advantages seldom furnished by Daguerrean establishments out of the city. He has a large number of specimens at his Gallery, in Chambersburg street, which the public are requested to call and examine.

Charges from 50 cts. to \$10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices. Children will not be taken for less than \$1.00.

AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

July 13.

EAGLE HOTEL.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

JOHN L. TATE, PROPRIETOR.

THIS establishment and popular house, situated on the corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, in the beautiful and thriving town of Gettysburg, has recently undergone extensive and important repairs, which render it one of the most spacious and comfortable Hotels in the interior of the State. Another story has been added to the entire building, front and back, making it now a three-story edifice of handsome exterior. The interior has undergone a thorough series of repairs, being handsomely papered and painted, and arranged in the most modern style. The proprietor and his assistants spare no pains to render guests comfortable.

THE TABLE is at all times supplied with the best of the market affords.

THE BAR will be found to contain an excellent assortment of liquors of all kinds.

THE STABLES are in charge of an experienced and careful driver.

The Livery business is still continued. Horses and carriages always to be had at reasonable rates.

The near collection of the Gettysburg and Hanover Railroad renders the place easily accessible, and no more pleasant resort from the heat and dust of the city can be found.

The Eagle Hotel possesses superior accommodations for families or parties. Charges moderate.

The proprietor hopes, by his long experience in the business, to make the Eagle in all respects a first class Hotel, and by personal attention to the comfort and convenience of his guests, to meet and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

Aug. 17.

TAILORING.

Removed a few doors South of the old Stand.

J. H. SKELLEY, respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the TAILORING BUSINESS, at his new stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors and solicits a continuance of public patronage.

The New York Spring and Summer FASHIONS are received. Call and see them April 16.

QUINCY WARE.

CEDAR WARE and an endless variety of Household articles to be had very cheap at FAINESTOCK BROTHERS.

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FAINESTOCK BROTHERS.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.

Vice President—S. R. Russell.

Secretary—D. A. Buehler.

Treasurer—David M'Creary.

Executive Committee—Robert McGurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

SAXAGONY.

George Swope, S. F. Heston.

D. A. Buehler, Wm. B. Wilson.

R. M'Curly, H. A. Picking.

Jacob King, Wm. B. McClellan.

A. Heintzelman, John Wolford.

D. M'Creary, R. G. M'Creary.

J. J. Kerr, E. W. Stahl.

M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell.

A. B. Kuehn, J. Anglinbaugh.

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ELECTION TO-MORROW.

UNION STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,

DAVID WILMOT, of Bradford.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WILLIAM MILLWARD, of Phila'd'a.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT,

JAMES VRECH, of Fayette,

JOSEPH J. LEWIS, of Chester.

UNION STATE TICKET.

ASSEMBLY,

JOHN MUSSELMAN, Hamilton.

SURGE,

JAMES A. THOMPSON, Borough.

PROTHONOTARY,

ROBERT MARTIN, Borough.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,

FRANKLIN HERSH, Oxford.

CLERK OF THE COURTS,

HENRY S. HULDEBRAND, Berlin.

TEASURER,

JOHN SCOTT, Borough.

COMMISSIONER,

JOHN HOSFETTER, Jr., Union.

DIRECTOR,

MICHAEL DIETRICK, Berlin.

ADVISOR,

BENJ. A. MARSHALL, Hamilton.

CORONER,

DR. JOHN CARPENTER, Franklin.

ACARD.

To the Voters of Adams County:

HAVING been confined to bed for some days past by an affliction, from which I have been suffering more or less for some time, I find it much to my regret, that I shall be unable to call personally upon the people of the County, who have done me the honor to put me in nomination as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts. It would give me much pleasure to call personally on as many of the voters of the County as possible; and I am in hopes of being sufficiently restored in a few days to see some of them. In the mean time I deem it my duty to make this statement and to solicit their kind offices in my behalf under the circumstances. If elected, my best efforts shall be directed to a faithful and impartial discharge of my official duties, and thus merit the confidence of the people of the County.

HENRY S. HULDEBRAND.

East Berlin, Sept. 28, 1857.

MISS M'CREARY

Will open for exhibition on Friday and Saturday next, a large and beautiful assortment of

BONNETS

and Mantillas

which she respectfully invites the ladies to call and examine.

Gettysburg Female Seminary.

The Winter Session of this Institution will commence on the Second Monday of October (12th). For Circulars, etc., inquire at the residence of Rev. D. EYSTER, West Middle Street, Gettysburg.

Sept. 21.

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

The Assessors elected at the last Spring election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive their instructions as follows: The Assessors for Union, Conowing, Dorick and Verwick boroughs, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban and Mountjoy, will attend on Wednesday the 1st of October next, and the Assessors for the Boroughs, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonburg, Franklin, Duffer, Menallen, Tyone, Huntington and Lattimore, will attend on Thursday, October 15, 1857.

By order of the Commissioners.

J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

Sept. 28.

INDEPENDENT BLUES.

YOU will meet for parade on Saturday, the 17th inst. at 2 o'clock, P. M.

A Court of Appeals will be held between the hours of 1 and 2. By order of the Captain.

C. X. MARTIN, O. S.

Stone Peach and Tomato Bottles.

WE have just received a large lot of Peach and Tomato Stone Jars—an excellent article for preserving fruit. If you want something that will not rust and injure the fruit by all means use stone ware. There is nothing equal to it. Call and see them at

Sept. 7.

FAINESTOCK'S.

Home-made Shoes.

ALWAYS on hand, and made to order, by the best of workmen at COBBAN & PAXTON'S Cheap Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe store.

Mar ch 16.

BUY your HATS, CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES, at

Bringham & Anglinbaugh's,

in Chambersburg street, at the Sign of the

"BIG BOOT."

STONE-WARE.

FAINESTOCK BROTHERS have just received the largest and best lot of STONE WARE ever offered in the country, consisting of Jars, Jugs, Pitchers, Cream Pans, Apple Butters, Preserves Jars, Milk Pans, Pumpkin Bottles, Spittums, &c., to which they invite the attention of the public. Call and examine at the sign of the

RED FRONT.

Choice Poetry.

MY MOTHER'S SONG—SWEET HOME.

How oft we hear those gentle words!

We hear them breathe in song.

When music breaths from happy hearts

That still to us belong!

When your voices of the light dawn,

Or when the shadows fall,

We hear the gladness echoes tell

'Sweet home' hath charms for all.

These simple words! That plaintive air!

My Mother sang the strain

In days gone past, in happy days,

That may not come again!

She sang it by the household hearth,

Our father sitting by,

And smiles were playing on his lips,

That tenderly filled his eyes.

'On earth there is no place like home,'

She taught my lips to say:

But all that made my home so dear

Long since has passed away!

We hear no more her gentle voice,

At morning or at even:

She has an angel's golden harp,

Her song is heard in heaven.

I hear it rung to others now,

And o'er my soul, the while,

Steel memories, early sweet, that bring

A tear drop, and a smile!

And oh! 'tis sweet, 'tis new to hear

Those thrilling memories fall:

'Home, Sweet Home!' 'tis not of earth,

Heaven hath a home for all!

Go it While You're Young.

This appears to be the motto of the youth

of the present age, says some one. Yes, go

it while you're young, no matter if you

violate every law of nature; no matter if you

palsy the nerves of youth; no matter if you

weaken the mind that God has given you;

no matter if you peril your immortal soul.

Go it while you're young. Life is short at

the best, and a few years more or less

makes no difference. Go it, and show your

recklessness of life, by laughing to scorn

all the laws which should regulate your

existence. Go it, peril your soul and scoff at

the goodness of God, by showing that you

entertain no fear for caloric, or, in the language

of a drunken bry whom we met on

the street a few nights ago, "Hurrah for

h—ll; who's afraid of fire?"

Yes, go it while you're young—smoke

your cigar, chew your tobacco, drink your

whiskey, spend your nights in revelry and

licentiousness, and be a man. Yes, by all

means go it—laugh at the old fogies

who tender you advice—tell your father he

is not fast enough for the present age, and

when your mother remonstrates with you

upon late hours, inform the "old lady" that

Arrival of Three Persons Rescued from the Wreck of the Central America.
New York, Oct. 5.—The bark Bremen arrived here this morning with J. Tice, second engineer; Alexander Grant, fireman; and G. W. Dawson, passenger, of the Central America, having been rescued by the British brig Mary, from Cardenas for Queenstown, and transferred to the Bremen.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]
New York, Oct. 5.—Mr. Tice states that after the Central America went down he drifted on a plank for 72 hours. On the fourth morning he drifted by a boat and succeeded in getting into her, and on the fifth day he picked up Mr. Grant, who had been five days on a portion of the wreckage of the steamer. Mr. Grant having swum to the boat, the two then pulled for the hurricane deck and took from it Mr. Dawson, the passenger. There had been twelve men on it—George Buddington, third engineer; John Bank, coal passer; Patrick Card, coal passer; Rivers, a fireman; and six passengers, names unknown, all of whom, one by one, died and fell off into the sea. Mr. Tice, Mr. Grant and Mr. Dawson were eight days without water or provisions, the sea most of the time making a complete breach over them. The second day after the steamer went down there was a number of passengers on pieces of the wreck, but could not assist them. The rescued are in a bad condition, being badly bruised and covered with boils.

Terrific Explosion of a Steam Boiler.
On Wednesday afternoon an explosion occurred in the Kalkreuth & Plaster Works at New York, which completely demolished the factory and two adjoining buildings. One person was instantly killed, and about ten or twelve persons seriously if not fatally injured. The factory was three stories high, forty-four feet in width and fifty-four feet deep, and at the time there were a dozen persons at work therein. The boiler which exploded was located in the cellar, and near the engine room. The explosion was tremendous. An alarm of fire was sounded, and in a little time the firemen in a large body were on the ground. They forthwith set to work to remove the rubbish in order to rescue the injured. The scene beggared description. The factory, with two adjoining buildings, were a great heap of ruins, from which could be heard the cries of the injured for assistance. In a little time much of the rubbish was removed and the sufferers taken from the ruins. The only dead body found was that of Catherine Higgins. Many of those released are very seriously injured. The adjacent houses were large and occupied by numerous families. The cause of the explosion is variously attributed to carelessness on the part of the engineer and a defective boiler.

One Merchant Robbing Another.
GEORGE B. PARKER, wholesale dealer in snuff goods at No. 23 Murray street, New York, was arrested, on Wednesday, charged with having stolen \$30,000 worth of snuff, and other costly goods from Messrs. H. G. Dibble & Co., doing business at the same place in Murray street.

On his arrest, Parker "owned up," and made a confession, in which he explained the modes of operation of the larceny. He stated that his plundering operations were commenced about two years ago, and had been continued ever since. He always performed his work on Sundays, and got rid of his plunder, before the store was opened on the following morning. To obtain access to the store, he made a rope ladder by which he descended from his own store adjoining to that of Dibble & Co. He then selected such goods as he thought proper, tied the package together and fastened the bundle to the bottom of his ladder; he then ascended, and having reached his own store, drew up the ladder and its appendages.

The goods were generally sent to Philadelphia or Baltimore, and sold at auction. This was doing a pretty shabby business.

A letter was received at Washington on Wednesday, dated Port Kennedy, Sept. 5th, which states that two companies of troops arrived there that day on their way to Salt Lake, and the 5th and 10th regiments of infantry had reached Fort Laramie. Col. Hoffman had secured five hundred kegs of gunpowder in a Mormon train. Some returning Californians informed the writer of the letter that the Mormons were prepared for a fight, and did not conceal their hostile movements. Elder Kimball, in one of his sermons in the tabernacle at Salt Lake city, said he could, with his wives, whip the 2,500 troops and do a good day's work on the farm in the afternoon. He further remarked that the provision for the army would reach the valley, but that the troops would never enter Salt Lake City.

From the 18th of July to the 23d of August there were 2,494 cases of cholera in Guatemala, (Central America), and 1,029 deaths in the city, and 4,000 to 5,000 deaths throughout the republic. Hon. Wm. B. Venable, (of Tennessee), minister resident of the United States near the Republic of Guatemala, died of the disease on the 22d of August. A letter says:

Mr. V. arrived on the 1st of August feeling unwell, and he had not yet recovered his credentials. A few days after his arrival he complained of fatigue, took to his bed, and continued getting gradually worse until the night of the 21st, when symptoms of cholera set in and he died as above stated.

Some of the small towns in our vicinity have suffered fearfully. Villa Nueva, four leagues distant from the city, with a population of less than 4,000, has lost about 800, and Amavilla, six leagues off, with a population of about 12,000, has lost somewhat more than one-twelfth of its inhabitants.

The cholera also raged in San Salvador. Genl. San Martin and his two daughters were among the victims. There had been 2,390 fatal cases in the State.

Mr. John Long had just completed walling up a well at his residence near Macomb, in Illinois, when he accidentally dropped his hammer into the well. A boy was sent down to fetch it, but when a hour ten feet down, fell to the bottom. Mr. Long then descended himself, but when a few feet down gave an alarm that he was suffering, but before aid was furnished he too fell into the well.

Both bodies were recovered several hours after.



THE ADAMS SENTINEL
GETTYSBURG:
FRIDAY, OCT. 9, 1857.

The Last Appeal!

We issue the "Sentinel" this week in advance of our usual publication-day, in order to address a word or two of counsel to our readers in regard to the importance of the approaching Election. We are apprehensive that our friends throughout the County do not realize the magnitude of the issues involved in the verdict of Tuesday next. We have noticed but little of the stir and bustle usually incident to the eve of an important Election, saving that which has been attempted to be got up by the leaders of the Opposition in this place. And yet it may be that, under this apparent calm, there exists a firm determination on the part of our friends to do their whole duty. We hope it will prove so, and that in announcing the result of next Tuesday's contest, we shall have the pleasure of announcing to our brethren throughout the State, that Adams County stands where she ought always to stand, on the side of Right and Justice.

Certainly the issues involved in this Election are of sufficient moment to induce the putting forth of every honorable effort to secure a favorable popular verdict at the polls. The great struggle to maintain the integrity of our National Territories against the unreasonable demands of those who would abandon them to the Slave power, and thus prejudice the rights of the free Laborers and Industrial interests of the country, is still undecided—is still going on. The verdict of Pennsylvania is anxiously looked for alike by friend and foe—all conscious of the power she yields in the Republic, and the overshadowing influence of the expression which her people may give on this great question. The election of Judge WILMOT, therefore, to the office of Governor, will not only have an important bearing upon National politics, but deeply concerns the interests of every tax-payer in the State. Judge WILMOT is in favor of sustaining the policy which would divorce the State from the Administration which has for long years made the Public Works a grievous burden upon the people, and thus break up the peculation which has contributed more than all other causes combined, to corrupt the politics of the State, and degrade our partisan controversies. Gen. PARKER, on the other hand, is understood to be hostile to the sale of the Main Line, and, if elected Governor, will, of course, oppose the alienation of the other Public Works, and further the continuance of the system which a majority of the taxpayers of the State have again and again condemned. There are other State issues of almost equal importance, in which Judge WILMOT and Gen. PARKER hold adverse positions. It is all important, then, that every possible vote be polled for the former. He can and will be elected, if our friends throughout the State but do their duty.

Let Adams County, at all events, do her's! But aside from all this, we have, this fall, the County offices to fill. The Union County Committee have put forward a Ticket, composed of most unexceptionable candidates, and invite for it the cordial support of every opponent of the Buchanan party. We have heretofore referred to these candidates in detail, and their qualifications. There is not a man among them all, who is not, in every respect, well qualified to discharge the duties of the office for which he has been nominated. Let us, then, give them not only a cordial support, but DETERMINE TO ELECT THE ENTIRE TICKET. We can do so if we will. But to effect this desirable end, every effort should be put forth to POLL EVERY VOTE. If there be any one of our friends hitherto lukewarm and inactive, we appeal to him to GO TO WORK AT ONCE! But two or three days yet remain for efficient work; much, however, can be accomplished in that time by a few resolute, energetic men in each Township. ONE VOTE MAY determine the election of one or more of our County officers! THE ABSENCE OF ONE VOTE IN EACH TOWNSHIP may defeat a portion of our Ticket! 'Whose vote shall that be?

We are pleased to be able to say that the intelligence from most of the Townships gives earnest hope of the success of our entire ticket. The Opposition have their difficulties—their ticket does not command the confidence of their party, and THEIR LEADERS KNOW IT. Hence the great exertions they are making to save themselves from threatened discomfiture. If we had the ear of every voter in the County, we would urge him earnestly to be at the polls on Tuesday next. To such as read this article, we say, as our last Appeal—GO TO THE POLLS YOURSELF, and be sure that every voter in your district friendly to the Union County Ticket IS THERE ALSO on Tuesday next. This done, we promise you a GLORIOUS VICTORY!

SPURIOUS TICKETS!—Keep an eye to spurious tickets on Tuesday next. Look out for them—for we have a cunning foe to meet! Let no one be deceived or imposed upon!

Mr. Musselman & the 'Extra Pay.'

We understand that a report has been put afloat, and is being industriously circulated throughout the County, that Major MUSSELMAN last winter voted for and supported the resolution to pay the members \$200 as "extra pay." IT IS NOT TRUE that Major MUSSELMAN voted for the resolution, or supported it in any shape. The bill, we believe, originated with Mr. WILKINS, of Allegheny, one of the leading Democratic Senators, and was urged as compensation for increased expenses by reason of the protracted session. But Major MUSSELMAN was opposed to the resolution, and WOULD HAVE VOTED AGAINST IT had he been in his seat. He was necessarily absent at the time the resolution came up, and hence his name does not appear on the Journals. We make this explanation, because it is due to Major MUSSELMAN, and to correct the misrepresentation to which we have alluded. How the story got afloat, we cannot tell. Surely nothing can be gained among honorable voters, by a policy of that kind.

\$100 REWARD!

Understanding from various sources that the Opposition leaders are persistently circulating through the County, the statement that Maj. MUSSELMAN voted last winter in favor of the Bill appropriating \$200 extra pay to Members, and that the same can be proved by the records of the House—we are authorized by the Union County Committee to offer a REWARD OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS to Mr. STANLEY, Mr. DANNEK, or any other individual endorsing the charge, who shall make it good. Now, gentlemen, face the music. Make the \$100, or acknowledge that the charge is false.

A GOOD TELL.—We have heard a good story of an orator this campaign, who was addressing some twenty-five or thirty persons in the usual inflated style of politicians, and making the most outrageous charges against his opponents, when he paused suddenly, and exclaimed: "Now, gentlemen, what do you think?" Instantly a man rose in the assembly, and with one eye partly closed, modestly, with Irish brogue, said: "I think, sir, I do indeed, sir, I think that if you and I would stump the County together, we could tell more lies than any two other men in the county, sir, and I'd not say a word myself, all the time, sir!"

We are much gratified to find, by intelligence from various parts of the County, that Mr. THOMPSON, our candidate for Sheriff, is receiving the support of many of our political opponents. It is one of the redeeming qualities of our nature, that sympathy for those who need what we can bestow, still retains its place in the hearts of those whose political principles may be adverse to those of the recipient.

Poll Every Vote!

Friends of Wilmot and the Union County Ticket—see to it that EVERY VOTE in your district is polled on Tuesday next. VICTORY is before you, and beckons you on to claim the prize. Up and to Work!

Vote Early!

Go to the Polls on Tuesday next, and VOTE EARLY. Put in your own ballot, and you will then have time to attend to the doubtful—the lukewarm—and the infirm. Don't forget to vote early!

Examine your Tickets!

Examine your Ticket carefully before depositing it in the ballot-box. Mixed Tickets may be put afloat, and the unwary be misled. No matter from whom you get your Ticket—examine it carefully, and see that it has all the names on the Union State and County Tickets!

Vote the Entire Ticket!

Vote the entire Union State and County Tickets on Tuesday next. Let there be no striking. Our candidates are all good and true. See to it that none of them loses a vote!

Extra Session.

On Tuesday last, the Legislature of Pennsylvania assembled in extra session at Harrisburg, in accordance with the proclamation of the Governor. Nearly all the members were present. The Governor sent in his message, in which he suggests several matters in regard to the suspension of specie payments by the Banks, and urges prompt and patriotic action for the relief of the community. Several bills were reported in both branches on Tuesday, but nothing has yet assumed a shape which will probably pass. They cannot sit longer than Monday, as their time will then expire as members. It is too short a time to digest so important a bill as will be necessary in the present crisis.

On Wednesday, the House passed a resolution requiring the Banks to report at once a statement of their condition. This is considered an expression that the House will pass no bill legalizing the suspension this session. The Senate amended the bill legalizing the suspension, fixing the resumption on the 1st of February, 1858.

Cattle to Come Forward.—It is stated that there are forty thousand head of cattle to come forward to Chicago, to go to the East just as soon as the financial means for moving them can be obtained. At forty dollars per head this would amount to \$1,600,000.

Mr. Musselman—His Votes on the Sale of the Main Line.

A PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACTS.

It is very evident that, for some reason or other, the Democratic leaders in this county are directing special efforts to the Assembly portion of the ticket. The sudden and violent opposition to Major MUSSELMAN, developed within the last few weeks, which forms the burden of the partisan appeals in their official organ, and which, we are informed, also enters mainly into the discussions at their meetings throughout the townships, is to us incomprehensible. No man in the county of Adams—we make no exception—stands higher in the estimation of his fellow citizens, than JOHN MUSSELMAN. As an intelligent farmer and honest man no one dare whisper a word of reproach. He closed his Legislative career last winter, as we thought, with signal credit to himself, and satisfaction to the people of the County. So much so, that his re-nomination, unsought by him, was deemed on all sides but a just tribute to his faithful discharge of duties. We have no fears that these efforts of eager partisans to damage his character, and impair the confidence reposed in him by his fellow citizens, can succeed. Misrepresentation and unfair dealing must always recoil upon the agents who use them. And so we believe it will be in this case.

But lest, by any possibility, these election-hour appeals to prejudices should develop a single uninformed voter from the cordial support of Maj. MUSSELMAN, we deem it our duty to correct the misrepresentation to which we have alluded. In no other article, we have explained the alleged "extra pay" matter. But his votes on the Bill for the sale of the Main Line are also called in question. How stands the record?

First—Major MUSSELMAN is charged with voting, with the friends of the bill for the sale of the Main Line, in favor of a provision exempting the Central Railroad Company from Tonnage Tax, &c., in case that Company became the prebendary of the Main Line. He did so vote, along with a number of Democrats in both branches of the Legislature, and along with all who favored the sale of the Main Line. A majority of both branches of the Legislature were exceedingly desirous of carrying out the frequently expressed wishes of the people of the State, on this question. The Public works had for years been a heavy burden upon the Tax-payers—the annual appropriations for repairs and working far exceeding the revenues. Official cronies along the line of those works were batten- ing upon the spoils, claimed as the rewards of partisan services. The State Debt, instead of being diminished, was gradually increasing, notwithstanding the heavy taxes poured into the State Treasury. Honest Democrats, appalled by the corruption which pervaded every department of the administration of these works, united in the demand for their sale. The Revenue Commissioners, composed of a majority of Democrats—HENRY REILLY, of this county, being one—in their Report to the Legislature recommended their sale, by a nearly unanimous vote. A bill was accordingly introduced. But no sooner was it introduced than it met with a determined, bitter opposition from partisans who cared more about spoils than the honor and interests of the State. Amendment after amendment was pressed, in order to load down the bill with obnoxious provisions, and thus defeat it, or so clog it with conditions as to prevent the Works being purchased by any body at any price. This same game had been played in former years, and successfully. Bills for the sale of the Main Line proved but dead statutes. No bidders could be found for them, under the obnoxious provisions with which the bills had been clogged.

But the friends of the Sale determined that this game should not be played again. They took counsel together, and agreed to vote down all obnoxious amendments, that might endanger the great end in view. A Bill was carefully drawn up, which received the approval of the friends of a sale. For this Bill Major MUSSELMAN, like a true man, voted throughout. And now, because he voted against amendments pressed by enemies of the bill, AND DESIGNED TO DEFEAT A SALE, his votes are denounced! Whoever purchased the Main Line under the Bill was to pay at least Seven Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be applied to the reduction of the State Debt. But it was feared the Sale might fail for want of responsible bidders. The amount demanded was large, and not within the reach of every body. It was thought the Central Railroad Company might be induced to purchase, in case of the failure of other bidders, upon condition that the Tonnage Tax was repealed. The friends of the Bill agreed to put in such a provision, but coupled with the condition that if the Central Railroad Company should become the purchasers, they should be required to pay ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ADDITIONAL! This important fact is carefully ignored by the opponents of Major MUSSELMAN. Not a word said about it. Is that honest? Why conceal the fact that the State lost that amount, by the interference of Canal Commissioner MORRIS and the Supreme Court. The decision of the Supreme Court, adverse to the clause repealing the Tonnage Tax, &c., did not de-

From Europe.

There was an arrival from Europe on Wednesday. It brings intelligence to the 26th ult.

Sunday the 4th of October, was fixed upon as a day of humiliation and prayer throughout England, on account of the troubles in India. The Emperors of France and Russia met at Stuttgart, Germany, on the 25th ult.—There was a great banquet on the occasion, at the palace of the King of Wurttemberg. The furthering of a common spirit of amity and good intelligence between the courts of France and Russia is the only object of the interview, it is said.

Inundations in the South of France had been very disastrous. The destruction of property was immense, and several lives were lost. A fire at St. Petersburg is reported to have consumed 170 vessels.

A number of fugitives from the mutinous districts in India, had arrived in England. They gave a frightful account of the state of Calcutta and the upper provinces of India.

There was a further decline of Broad-stuffs.

There was a grand Firemen's parade in Philadelphia on Monday last, which is said to have been one of the most splendid affairs of the kind ever witnessed. Ninety-three companies were in the line, 24 of them being visiting companies. The line was four miles in length, and required an hour and a half to pass a given point. The weather was beautiful, and the glittering apparatus in the line, which was furnished and adorned for the occasion, showed off to the best advantage. At one time during the procession, there was a disgraceful riot occurred, in which three persons were shot. It originated between Irish Protestants and Irish Catholics.

The pressure in the money market still prevails to an alarming degree, and heavy firms and companies in the cities are daily forced to suspend. Factories in all directions are ceasing their operations, and very large bodies of men are thrown out of employment. The steam-ship Star of the West arrived at New York on the 4th, bringing dates from California to the 5th ult., and \$1,250,000 in specie. The principal news, in brief, is to the effect that the democratic State ticket in California has been successful; that the people voted by a large majority against repudiation and in favor of paying the State debt; that a destructive fire had occurred at Columbia, and a serious earthquake in Peru.

An arrival from Havana brings intelligence that Sugars have declined, and hold- ers will lose heavily.

Runaway Negroes.

On Saturday night last eight negroes belonging to Messrs. Wesley Bennett and George Patterson, residing in the lower end of Carroll county, left their owners, taking with them six grey horses, a wagon, provisions, cooking utensils, &c. A reward of \$1500 is offered for their arrest.

We learn that the horses were found some few miles beyond Hanover, Pa., on Sunday, but have no particulars.

Abundance at the West.

The Chicago Press says the Western harvest is completed, and more abundant than ever. Corn, barley, oats, buckwheat, hay, fall feed, and potatoes are all secure and good. We quote:

"A large store of choice butter will be added to the daily products of the summer, which were never equalled in quantity nor exceeded in quality. All kinds of roots and garden vegetables turn out well. We never saw so great an abundance of fine cabbages, and there are onions, beets, turnips, etc. to match. And to these localities are to be added all sorts of fruits in profusion."

Steamboat Sunk—Loss of Life.

DUNQUEN, Oct. 5.—The steamer Ben Gourin has been sunk near La Crosse, in a collision with the steamer Key City. Fifteen deck passengers were drowned.

Man Killed.

On Thursday night last a road repairer, named Owen McNulty, was killed at Boston sidling, twenty-three miles from Wheeling, by being run over by a stock train, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. He was crossing the track, and stumbled and fell across the rail. Being intoxicated, he was unable to get up. His head was completely severed from his body.

Rowlism in York.—The spirit of rowlism, so rife throughout the country, seems to prevail to some extent at York, Pa., where several riots occurred last week. During one of them Jacob and Hiram Koons, in defending themselves, were dangerously cut with knives or dirks, and are lying in a critical condition.

It is stated that seventeen fugitive slaves, in companies of two, three or four, passed through New York last week on their way to Canada.

Rev. J. S. Dukes, pastor of the German Reformed church at Allentown, Pa., has married since May, 1856, fifteen hundred and sixty three couples.

Letter from Judge Wilmet.

The following letter is from Hon. David Wilmet to David S. Brown, Esq., the head of one of the most extensive manufacturing establishments in the country. No one can read it without the conviction of the patriotism and sincerity of its author. Everywhere its sentiments will be echoed by the thousands of true American workmen who have been thrown out of employment by the Locomotive measures of the last Congress, which reduced the duty on Pennsylvania iron from thirty to 21 per cent., and on other goods in proportion. Let us rally then on "Wilmot and protection to American labor," and once more the loom and the forge will resume their activity, and the joyous anthems of industry again pervade every district of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 28, 1857.
DAVID S. BROWN.—Dear Sir:—I am deeply pained by the news that reaches me from your city. This sudden financial revolution threatens to carry down hundreds of your worthy and enterprising mechanics and business men, bringing distress to their homes of comfort and affluence, and what by many is felt as a greater calamity, commercial dishonor and loss of credit. Its most disastrous and painful effect, however, will fall upon the thousands of honest and industrious workmen, unexpectedly thrown out of employment and deprived of the means of support for their families.

It is truly a calamity calculated to excite the sympathy of the most selfish and unsensible. I do not profess to be able to fathom all the causes, proximate and remote, of a disaster such as is now upon us. Doubtless excessive importations, over-trading, extravagant habits of living, and fluctuations in the currency, have had much to do with it.

You will recollect that on our visit to the Gloucester Mills, we had some conversation upon the subject of the tariff policy of the country in connection with its influence upon American enterprise and labor. The events of the last few days have given to that subject an interest it did not then seem to possess. That the tariff policy of the government has much to do with the reversions that periodically convulse the country, is doubtless true, intimately connected as that policy must ever be with all our financial and industrial interests. The very considerable reduction made in the tariff, at the last session of Congress, must have had a disastrous influence in bringing upon us the present state of things, as it stimulated greatly importations, causing heavier drafts upon the country for its precious metals.

It is a great misfortune that our tariff policy cannot be wholly removed from the party conflicts of the country, and placed upon a permanent and reasonable basis. Aside from partisan prejudice, there is not, I imagine, a very wide difference of opinion upon this subject among intelligent and reflecting men.

The policy of imposing prohibitory duties, obviously tending the revenue upon a large share of the articles of commerce, for the purpose of protection, without a gross violation of the revenue principle, is all that is asked or required for our manufacturing interests, and this should be cheerfully and promptly extended.

No one contemplates the policy of free trade and a resort to direct taxation as a means of raising revenue to meet the ordinary expenses of the government—certainly it is that I never contemplated such a policy. I have always looked to our policy as settled in this respect—that the ordinary revenue is to be provided by duties upon foreign importations, and I have ever favored the policy of such discriminations as would afford adequate and ample protection to American interests and American labor.

We have an immense revenue to raise. Already the expenditures of our government reach the enormous sum of about sixty millions of dollars, and it is rapidly increasing under the profligate and demoralizing expenditures of Democratic administrations. In raising this vast sum there is ample room, by judicious and proper discriminations, to afford to our great industrial interest ample protection, and to American labor a just and adequate reward.

I have never intentionally violated this sound American policy, and would cheerfully intend to do so, with the reasonable and judicious men of the country, in placing our tariff policy on a basis that would secure to American enterprise and labor a fair and just measure of protection.

The great struggle in which we are now engaged, and in which my feelings are so deeply embarked, is a struggle to maintain the dignity and rights of free labor against the degrading competition of the labor of the slave; and I am equally in favor of protecting our American labor against a ruinous competition with the cheap labor of the old world.

I confidently trust that you will weather this storm, and that years of prosperity will attend you in the noble enterprise you have thus so successfully sustained.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant and friend,
D. WILMET.

The Virginia Banks.

The Richmond Enquirer of Wednesday says:

Business once more begins to wear a lively aspect. Confidence seems to be returning, and money matters are gradually settling down upon a more quiet and solid basis. The banks have finished and sent in to the Governor their regular quarterly reports, and are now discounting quite liberally. They are also receiving at their counters the notes of the Merchants' (Independent) Bank of Lynchburg. The notes of the Bank of Rockbridge were taken yesterday by the Bank of Virginia, under a temporary arrangement. We understand that other banks are endeavoring to make arrangements which will put their notes on the same footing here—that of current notes—that they occupied formerly.

Fruit.

Large quantities of winter apples, are now brought to the Buffalo market, and sell at \$1.50 to \$2 per barrel for good fruit. Pears that last year brought 4 and 65 per bushel now sell for 1.50 to 2.

The Earthquake in Peru.

A letter, dated Lima, (a city in Peru), Aug. 30, says:
At 7 o'clock on the morning of the 20th the most severe shock of an earthquake ever remembered was felt here, which has done damage to the amount of \$500,000. The shock lasted about a minute and forty-five seconds, and every house in the town has suffered more or less. The police have taken down that were in a dangerous state, and a number of churches have been completely destroyed. The damage done is estimated at \$100,000. The river of Lima, which had been dry, suddenly rose; in other places the ground opened and jets of dark-colored water were ejected. There is no record of any similar phenomenon having taken place. At Lima the effects of the earthquake were less severely felt.

Man and Woman Tamed and Feathered in Michigan.

One night last week, as we learn from the La Pierre (Mich.) Republican, a disgraceful outrage was perpetrated in that place. It appears that a man and a woman had recently arrived there, and keeping a saloon, were suspected of being rather loose in their habits; consequently a party of disguised men required to the domicile of this miserable couple, and, tapping at the door, were answered by the man of the house, who was immediately seized, tamed and treated to a gratuitous ride upon a sharp edged rail. While this was going on, a part of the gang entered the house and dragged the woman from her bed into the street, denuded and exposed her to the gaze of the obscene rabble, hauled her through the mud and applied a swab dipped in a mixture of tar and feathers to her person. They were then let go.

During Ballroom Session at Albany—Narrow Escape—Professor Marten made a balloon ascension from Albany on Thursday. At the first attempt the balloon struck against a tree and was badly torn. The Journal, however, says:

The rents were at once sewn up, and, considerably excited, the professor determined to try again. He cut loose the basket, tied the suspension ropes in a knot together, and seating himself on the knot, clinging with his hands to the ropes, away, in his critical position, he went, leaving ballast, candles and everything else behind, and rose with considerable rapidity, having for his support only the cord pendant from the ball. It was really a fearful sight to see him clinging to the little network of cords which was suspended between him and certain destruction. When about two hundred feet up, in attempting to change his position, he appeared to lose his hold, and pitched head downward, as though about to dash to earth, which caused a thrill of horror to the spectators. It was at this time he lost his grip. He however recovered himself, and the ascension to quite a distance was grand, when the balloon took a southerly direction, and the last seen of it was at the hills back of Greenwich. He landed in a swamp five miles beyond Sand Lake, having traveled fifteen miles. He was almost perished with cold, and was taken to a farmer's house, where he was kindly cared for.

Massacre of Overland Emigrants.—The overland immigration is arriving in great numbers in Carson Valley, bringing in large droves of cattle. Several parties had been attacked by the Indians or encroached whites, who stole their stock and killed several persons. The following are the names of those killed so far as learned: John Egan, John Stoen and John Lawley. We learn of the massacre of a whole train, consisting of six men and three children. One woman was shot through and scalped, and left for dead, but was found still alive by those who came up first. She is not expected to live. The stock was recovered from the Indians, in doing which only one Indian was killed. The only names recovered among the killed were those of Holloway and his brother-in-law. The three children were murdered by those fiends before the face of their parents, and horribly mutilated. The emigrants to a man are willing to join a company to exterminate those fiends.

Apprehended Famine in India.—Commercial letters from Bombay, dated August 14, say that owing to the neglect of agriculture in India in consequence of the unsettled state of affairs, serious fears are entertained that a scarcity of provisions will generally prevail. The Governor General was endeavoring to avert such an evil by directing the military, in all cases where practicable, to collect grain and provisions, and have them stored for future use.

Mortality on a Ship.—The line of battle ship Isabel Segunda, lying at Havana, has lost nearly 400 of her crew by the pompla. Twenty-seven officers, lieutenants and midshipmen, died in the month of August last, belonging to the Spanish vessels of war in that harbor.

Two Children Burnt to Death.—At Chicago last Monday, a widow named O'Donnell went out to wash after dinner, leaving her children in the shanty, three girls aged twelve, ten and four years and eight months, and lected them in. By some means or other the children set the house on fire. The oldest escaped by bursting through a window, but the others were burnt before assistance arrived.

Union Meeting ON MONDAY NIGHT!

THERE will be a public meeting of the Voters of the Borough and Cumberland township, at the house of Benjamin Schriver, on Monday Evening next, at 6 o'clock. Let there be a full rally.

Messrs. McConaghy, Campbell, Willis, McCreary, McCallan and Hughes are expected to address the meeting.

There will be a primary meeting at the EAGLE HOTEL, on the same evening, at 6 o'clock precisely, to make arrangements for the Election—after which the meeting will adjourn to Schriver's. Turn out at the tap of the drum.

By order of the Executive Committee. Oct. 9.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE—Friday last.	
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	\$5 40 to 5 50
Wheat, " " " "	1 05 to 1 20
Rye, " " " "	70 to 75
Corn, " " " "	70 to 75
Oats, " " " "	30 to 35
Timothy, " " " "	7 50 to 7 75
Boat Cattle, " " " "	2 75 to 3 00
Hay, (in bundles), " " " "	16 00 to 18 00
Do. (loose), " " " "	13 00 to 14 00

TOKO—Friday last.	
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	5 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 05 to 1 20
Rye, " " " "	70
Corn, " " " "	70
Oats, " " " "	30
Timothy, " " " "	7 50
Boat Cattle, " " " "	2 75
Hay, " " " "	16 00
Do. (loose), " " " "	13 00

LANOVER—Thursday last.	
Flour, (from wagons),	5 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 10 to 1 20
Rye, " " " "	70
Corn, " " " "	70
Oats, " " " "	30
Timothy, " " " "	7 50
Boat Cattle, " " " "	2 75
Hay, " " " "	16 00
Do. (loose), " " " "	13 00

Married.

On the 8th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. HERZOG HOFFMAN, of Gettysburg, to Miss SARAH ANN TATE, of Straban township.
On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN E. LITTLE, to Miss MARY JANE ENGLEBERT, both of Hanover township.
On the 1st inst., by the Rev. J. C. Bishop, Mr. P. O. OSCAR SEISS, of Frederick county, Md., to Miss MARGARET M. daughter of Mr. Abraham Seiss, of Freedom township, in this county.

Died.

On the 8th inst., Mr. HAMILTON STILK, of Meyall township, aged 74 years 9 months and 9 days.
On the 3d ult., MARY MARGARET, aged 3 years and 2 months and 5 days; and on the 16th ult., ELIZABETH CATHARINE, aged 1 year and 23 days—children of David and Maria Bricker, of Berles township.
On the 21st ult., near Hanover, after a short illness, Mrs. S. M. ADAMS, consort of the late Joseph Adams, deceased, aged 50 years 5 months and 9 days.
On the 1st inst., near York Springs, REBECCA, wife of Jesse Cook, in the 66th year of her age.
On the 30th ult., an infant son of James V. and Elizabeth M. Barr, aged two weeks.
On the 27th ult., SARAH ANN, youngest daughter of George and Mary, of Rosentown, of Hamilton township, aged 2 years 3 mo. and 15 days.

NOTICE.

THE first account of George Robinette, a Committee of POLAR GARDNER, of Lattimore township, Adams county (Luna), has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and will be confirmed by said Court on Monday the 16th of November next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JOHN PICKING, Protr'y.
Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1857.

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Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1857.

NOTICE.

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JOHN PICKING, Protr'y.
Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1857.

NEW GOODS.

WE have just received a large stock of NEW GOODS, among which are Ladies' Dress Goods in Cassimere, Cheviots, Satinets, Corsets, Trimmings, Shawls, Blankets, Carpets, and Domestic Goods generally, with a large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, all of our own making, warranted well made and full, also a large stock of GROCERIES, all of which will be sold cheap for Cash. Call and see.
A few STOVES on hand will be sold cheap. [Oct. 9.]

LADIES.

DO you want pretty DRESS GOODS, at low prices? Go to Fainstock's and buy them. Their stock is cheaper and prettier than elsewhere. Their stock comprises Delaines, Cheviots, French Merinos, Alpacas, Marlines, Plaids, &c. Also a very rich looking article of Moore Antique for dresses. Don't forget to look at.

NEW GOODS.

J. HOKE has just returned with a large stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which he will sell low for Cash and Country Produce. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as you will find it to your interests to do so.
All goods cut free of charge.
Oct. 9.

15,000 Yards of Muslin.

JUST received from the East: having been purchased for CASH, we are enabled to sell any quality of Muslin at lower rates than can be bought any where in the county. Call and examine, and let our unusually large and cheap stock of Muslin recommend themselves. Remember we have nearly 16,000 yards!
FAINSTOCK BROTHERS.

COOK STOVES.

FOUR styles of Cook Stoves—the Noble Cook, Royal Cook, William Penn, and the Sea Shell—on hand at the Ware Room of SHEADS & BUEHLER.

FANCY GOODS.

MISS McLELLAN has just returned from the Cities, where she has added to her already large stock a new and elegant assortment of MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, to which she would invite the attention of her friends and the public, believing that an examination will satisfy them that her goods are the best selected and most fashionable as well as the cheapest ever offered in this place. The assortment includes the new and fashionable styles of Cashmeres, Silks, Do Lanes, Kinglams, Chiffons, De Lage, Cumber Cloths, Muslin, Laces, Silk Flannels, Bunnets and Bonnet Trimmings, Satins, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Velvets, Artificial, Black Veils, Blue do, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, French Worked Collars, Cambric, Jaconet & Swiss Edgings, Insertings, Muslins, Shroets, Mohair and Silk Mitts, Black Lace and Fringe, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Braids, Fans, &c., &c.
Call and examine for yourselves.
Gettysburg, Oct. 9.

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership under the style and firm of H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH, respectfully inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that they have opened a new, large and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods & Groceries.

at the old established stand on south-east corner of Diamond, formerly called the Jew's corner, comprising every variety, style and price. In part of Dry Goods—Black Silks, Black Alpaca, Plain and Fancy Delaines, Beiges, Ginghams, Plain and Fancy Jaconets, Plain and Dotted Swiss, Ticking, Lawns, Blue and unbleached Shirts, Osnaburg, Red Ticking, Jacquered Diaper.

GROCERIES.

Brown, Crushed, Granulated, Pulverized, Clarified sugar, D. & W. Sugar, Plain and Fancy, Ground Alum, Fine Salt, Dairy do, Queensware, Cutlery, Cannedware, and every other article found in a well conducted Dry Goods and Grocery store.

Having selected their Stock with care, they are enabled to sell cheap for cash, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.
Oct. 5. H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.

Eclectic College of Medicine, CINCINNATI, O.

THE Winter Session of 1857-8 will commence on Monday the 12th of October, and continue six weeks. A full and thorough course of Lectures will be given, occupying six or seven hours daily, with good opportunities for attention to practical Anatomy, and with ample Clinical facilities at the Commercial Hospital. The preliminary course of Lectures will commence on Monday, the 28th of September, and continue daily until the commencement of the regular Lectures.

The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—
T. E. ST. JOHN, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
J. F. JUDGE, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
A. J. HOWE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
C. H. CLEVELAND, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
Wm. SHERWOOD, M. D., Professor of Medical Practice and Pathology.
J. R. BUCHANAN, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Cerebral Physiology & Institutes of Medicine.
JOHN KING, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

The terms for the Session will be the same as heretofore, viz:—Matriculation, \$5.00; Tuition, \$20.00; Demonstration, \$5.00. (Every Student is required to enter in dissection one session before Graduation.) Graduation, \$25.00. Ticket to Commercial Hospital (optional), \$5.00.

Lecture-Rooms are newly finished, neat and comfortable, and in a central locality (in College Hall, Walnut Street), where students will find it convenient to call on their arrival.

Tickets for the session may be obtained of the Dean of the Faculty in his Office, No. 113 Smith St., or of Prof. C. H. Cleveland, Secretary of the Faculty, No. 139 Seventh St., near Elm.

JOHN KING, M. D., Dean.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION PHILADELPHIA.

Important Announcement
TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHOEA, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHOEA, GLEET, SYPHILIS, the Vice of ONANISM, or SELF-ABUSE, &c.

The Howard Association, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by sexual diseases, and the deep-seated and upon the unfortunate victims, has directed that Surgeon, as a Charitable Act worthy of its name, to give Medical Advice Gratis, to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.), and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to furnish medicines Free of Charge.

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institution, established by special endorsement for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent and Epidemic Diseases." It has now a surplus of means, which the Directors have voted to expend in advertising the Association, and in the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

Just Published by the Association, a report upon Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness, the Vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelope) Free of Charge, on the receipt of two Stamps for postage.
Address Dr. George R. Callahan, consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 21 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y.
Oct. 9.

FOR SALE.

I WILL sell at Private Sale, two small Dwelling HOUSES and LOTS, in Chambersburg street, recently built and in good condition. If not sold before the first day of January next, they will then be rented.

GEORGE ARNOLD.
Gettysburg, Sept. 31.

A Valuable LIMESTONE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE Heirs of JAMES BLYTHE, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Wednesday the 11th day of November next, at 1 o'clock,

THE FARM

of late deceased, situated in Carroll's Tract, Adams county, Pa., eight miles west of Gettysburg, and two miles north of Fairfield, adjoining lands of John and Daniel Mickle, James Donaldson, John Rhean, and others, containing

127 Acres and 132 Perches

of Patent Land, with a fair proportion of Meadow and Timberland. The improvements consist of a two-story

STONE HOUSE,

with Black-Building, and a well of never failing water at the door; Blacksmith's Shop; a DOUBLE LOG BARN, with Sheds, Corncrib, and a well in the yard, also running water through the farm. There is a variety of Fruit Trees, and an excellent Orchard on the premises.

This land is in a good state of cultivation, being principally a Limestone soil, with an abundant quarry of Stone, and a substantial Lime-Kiln, but recently erected.

Persons wishing to examine the property prior to the sale, will call upon one of the Heirs residing thereon.

Terms made known on day of sale.
THE HEIRS.

VALUABLE MOUNTAIN LAND, AT PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on Saturday the 31st day of October next, on the premises,

5 Tracts of Mountain Land,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, the Estate of JOHN W. EYER, deceased, described as follows, to wit:
No. 1, situate in said Township, adjoining lands of Valentine Eyer, Leonard Taylor and George Vandike, containing 40 acres, 90 perches, and allowance.
No. 2, adjoining Tract No. 1, lands of John Hall, and John Kimo, containing 56 acres, 60 perches, and allowance.
No. 3, adjoining Tract No. 2, lands of James Russell, Victor McIlhenny and John Hall, containing 41 acres, 147 perches, and allowance.

No. 4, adjoining lands of John Trone, Victor McIlhenny, and lands of Calcedonia Farnham, containing 3 acres, 155 perches, and allowance.
No. 5, adjoining lands of John Steinhorst, Jacob Fuhl and others, containing 14 acres, 103 perches, and allowance.

The Public Road from Arentsville to Newmans Tavern on the Chambersburg Turnpike, passes through the first three Tracts. The whole is well set with fruit Timber. This Mountain Land is about 3 miles south-west of Bendersville.

Persons wishing to examine this land, can call either upon John Long, residing near it, or on the subscriber, at Arentsville. Attendance will be given, and terms made known on day of sale by

JACOB F. LOWER, Adm'r.
Sept. 25.

Estate of Peter Snyder, deceased.

ADAMS COUNTY, ss
I, the undersigned, late of Huntington township, in the Orphans' Court of the County of Adams.

September 23, 1857. The Court, upon the application of Joseph Taylor, Administrator, court testaments annex, of said Estate, grant a Rule on John Snyder, Victor W. King, the legal representatives of Elizabeth Snyder, deceased, the legal representatives of Peter Snyder, Jr., deceased, the legal representatives of Margaret Viengst, deceased—parties interested in said Estate—to be heard before the Orphans' Court, to be held at Gettysburg, on the 17th day of November next, to show cause why the said Estate should not be sold for the purpose of paying the balance of the debts and expenses of Administration, and for the purpose of paying the remaining special legacies, and making distribution of the residue according to the will of said testator.

By the Court.
J. J. BALDWIN, Clerk.
Oct. 5.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice to all persons who are or may be concerned, that my wife, REBECCA, has left my bed and board on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1857, without any cause or provocation. I therefore entreat all persons against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contraction.

MIRIAM ALBERT.
Sept. 23, 1857.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, in Butler township, about the 6th of September, a Dark Brindle 300-LEWY COW, with some white spots—no particular marks.
The owner is desirous to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.
JOHN WALTER.
Sept. 23.

Shingles, Shingles.

THE subscribers have on hand and for sale,
60,000 Prime Chestnut Shingles.
50,000 Seasoned Flax Bl. Staves.
15,000 Tigh Bl. Staves ready to work.
PAXTON & BLYTHE,
Fairfield, Pa.
Sept. 21.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

FAINSTOCK BROTHERS have just received their usual large supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which they invite the attention of the public. The Goods were purchased low, and will be sold very cheap. Call and examine at the "Sign of the Red Front."
Oct. 2, 1857.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

ON hand a supply of Lumber, of best quality. Orders for any amount can be filled. Yard on Washington street near Rail Road street.
SHEADS & BUEHLER.

PARLOR COOK.

THIS Store is especially adapted to Dining Rooms and will recommend itself on the score of economy and convenience. It is very ornamental. Call and see it.
SHEADS & BUEHLER.

COAL! COAL!

PERSONS desiring to lay in their Winter's supply of Coal, will please send in their orders at once, as it can be furnished cheaper from wagons than from the Yard. Office in West Middle street.
SHEADS & BUEHLER.

PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his FARM at Private Sale, situated near Chestnut, Franklin township, Adams county, containing

75 Acres and some Perches,

adjoining lands of Thomas J. Cooper, Isaac Life, Peter Mickle, Daniel Heiges, and others, having a large proportion of Meadow and some fine Timber. The improvements consist of a good

TWO STORY LOG HOUSE,

a double Log Barn, with sheds and Corn crib, a never-failing well, with a pump, near the house; also, a good Apple Orchard, with a variety of other fruit; also, a good quarry of Lime-stone, on the farm.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing near the property.

A Tract of Mountain Land,

containing 22 Acres and 30 Perches, of a wooded Land, situate about 25 miles north of the farm, on the new road leading to the Chapel, adjoining lands of Andrew Whisler, Robert Sheekley and others.

FREDERICK STOVER.
Aug. 17.

Gifts! Gifts! Gifts!!! A Prize to Every Purchaser.

At the Quaker City Publishing House, DUANE RULISON, PHILADELPHIA.

By buying a book for \$1. or more, you are at once presented with a prize worth from 25 cents to \$100, consisting of Fine Gold Jewelry, Watches, &c. All orders by mail will be promptly filled, and the prize or prizes will accompany the books. Our list contains all of the most popular books of the day, and will be sold at the usual retail prices, many of them for less. Persons wishing any particular book can order at once, and it will be forwarded with a gift. A catalogue giving full information, with a list of books and gifts, will be sent post paid, by addressing

DUANE RULISON, No. 33 South Third St., Philadelphia. Sept. 14.

McREAR'S CELEBRATED LIQUID GLUE,

THE GREAT ADHESIVE.
MOST useful article ever invented, for house, store and office, surpassing in utility every other glue, gum, mucilage, paste or cement ever known, always ready for application, adhesive on paper, cloth, leather, furniture, porcelain, china, marble or glass. Not unfrequently Finely Articles, Toys, &c., it has no superior, not only possessing greater strength than any other known, and will, but adheres more quickly, leaving no stain where the parts are joined. Never fails.

Within the last three years upwards of 250,000 bottles of this justly celebrated LIQUID GLUE have been sold, and the great convenience which it has proved in every case, has deservedly secured for it a demand which the manufacturer has found it, at times, difficult to meet; acknowledged by all who have used it, that its merits are far above any similar article or imitation ever offered to the public.

THIS GLUE is extensively counterfeited—where the label McRear's Liquid Glue, the Great Adhesive, is taken no other.

Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by M. C. McREAR, Stationer, No. 907 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Liberal inducements offered to persons desirous of selling the above article.

NEW FIRM!

Family Groceries & Confections
THE undersigned have purchased the Grocery Store of E. H. MINNIGH, on the North-west corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by A. P. Kurtz, where they invite the attention of all who may wish Groceries, Confections, Fruits, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Starch, Soda, Spices, of all kinds, Lard, Raisins

NEW GOODS!

NEW ESTABLISHMENT!

JACOBS & BROTHER

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally, that they have opened a **Merchant Tailoring Establishment** in the room recently occupied by A. ARZOU, in South Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where they will at all times be happy to accommodate all who may patronize them. Their stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cassinettes, Cords, Summer Shades, &c., &c., is large and selected from the latest styles—all of which they will dispose of at prices as low as they can possibly afford, their system being to sell **CHEAP, for cash or country produce.**

They will make up garments of every description in the most substantial and desirable manner, all warranted to fit and not to trip. Goods bought of them not to be made up in their establishment will be cut free of charge. They are making up a lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

In the best manner, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

They have also on hand a large assortment of **Hosiery, Suspenders, Shirts, Shirt Collars, &c.**, to which they would call the attention of the public.

The Latest Fashions regularly received. Cash or Country Produce always customers for Goods or Work. Don't mistake the place. June 2.

HARDWARE STORE.

Danner & Ziegler

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand, at their Store in Baltimore street, and are regularly receiving, every variety of **Hardware, Iron, Steel, Cutlery, Springs, Axes, Coach Trimmings, Saddlery, COBALT WARE, SHOE-FINDINGS, OILS, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS, GROCERIES,** including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Saddlers, Curriers, Cabinet makers, Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, and the public generally. Their stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, they guarantee (for the ready money) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere. Feb. 16.

JUST FROM THE CITY.

With a Larger Stock than Ever!

JACOB NORRICK has just received from the city a large stock of **GROCERIES, FISH, &c.**—the largest he has yet offered to the public, and which he is now opening, at his new location, KERR'S CORNER, on Baltimore street. Give him a call! You will find his

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Teas, and everything else, the latest and the best to be had in town. He is having brought at low rates, and being determined to sell fast at small profits. Recollect, Kerr's old corner, Baltimore and High Streets. May 11.

TO THE COUNTRY.

GOOD NEWS.

I have rented the Foundry for the ensuing year, and am prepared to make the different kinds of Castings usually made at a Foundry. I will keep constantly on hand the different kinds of

PLOWS, Points, Shears, Cutters, &c.; Pits, Kettles, Pans, Washing Machines, &c.; Stoves and Machinery; Porches, Verandas, and Cemetery Fencing made and put up with dispatch. All orders will be attended to promptly; but being without capital, and money being necessary to carry on the business, I will be compelled to sell for cash, but on country trade will be taken, if delivered at the time of purchasing. Give us a call. E. M. WARREN.

Gottysburg, June 8.

Ladies This Way!

COBEAN & PAXTON have at all times on hand a large and well selected stock of **Ladies' Misses', and Children's Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers** of all kinds, and at all prices. No trouble to show Goods. May 13.

300 doz. Knives & Forks.

HAVING just received of our own importation from England, a large and extensive assortment of Cutlery, we invite the attention of those in want of any style of Knives and Forks, Carvers, Nut Picks, &c., to come and examine. We will sell at such prices as will give competition. Also, a large assortment of **Table FORKS**, which will be sold separately. Don't forget to examine the Stock at FAIRBANKS'S.

Country Merchants can be supplied at small advance. May 18.

FLOUR FOR SALE.

IF you want a good barrel of Flour, call at HOKK'S STORE, as he has made arrangements to have always the best, which he will sell at 25 cents advance. April 28.

JOHN HOKK. CARTRIDGE TRIMMINGS can always be bought lower, and a larger assortment than elsewhere, is always to be had at FAIRBANKS'S.

GENTLEMEN, do you wish to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c., call at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

THE attention of Ladies is particularly invited to the large assortment of plain and fancy GAITERS, latest style, just received by BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

QUEENSWARE, China, Glass and Stone ware, a large assortment just opened and selling at moderate prices at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, of every variety, and to suit every taste, to be found cheap at SCHICK'S.

A NASTY assortment of IRON and NAILS just received at FAIRBANKS'S.

TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Valises, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.

KEEP DRY. A fine assortment of UMBRELLAS just received and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH'S.

SILVER. A fine lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, as low as city prices, now to be had at SCHICK'S. Call soon as they sell rapidly.

WALKING CANES, for gentlemen, of various kinds just received by BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH.

OL-CLOTH, and Carpet Bags, of all sizes for sale at BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH'S Cheap Hat and Shoe Store.

FOR the newest styles of Goods, always call at SCHICK'S.

NEW GOODS. NEW FIRM.

And the Cash System.

GEO. ARNOLD & CO.

HAVE just received from Philadelphia a handsome assortment of Goods suitable for the season. Our stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

and all Goods in that line is extensive. Cheap Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassimerettes, Brain Detate, Linens, Vestings, Drillings, &c., &c. Call and see us. If we cannot please you in a garment ready-made, we have our Tailors constantly cutting out and making up, and can make you a garment upon short notice and in the very best manner. Our prices cannot be beat. Give us a call.

P. S. I have given Mr. G. GUINN an introduction, expressly for the purpose of settling up my old business. I have now been operating 37 years and have never, until now, determined to settle up my business generally. Those, therefore, who are indebted to me, either by bond, note, or book account, will please call and pay the same.

March 30. GEORGE ARNOLD.

Do You Wish Bargains?

IF SO, GO TO SCHICK'S CHEAP STORE.

Corner of the Diamond and Baltimore street.

J. L. SCHICK has just returned from Philadelphia with a full and complete assortment of Spring Goods, consisting of Black and Fancy colored Cloths and Cassimeres, of all styles and patterns; also Satinets, Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men's wear; and Satin, Silk, and Marcelline vestings; also, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, and Gloves, at prices to suit the times—just gentlemen wishing a complete outfit, would do very well to examine.

FOR THE LADIES.—Just received a superior assortment of Black Silks, which will be sold low; also, Berge de Laines, Gingham, Brilliants, Calicoes, Irish Linens, Swiss, Book and Cambric Muslins, Dotted Swiss, and Plaid Muslins, Cheves, Ribbons, Collars, Dress Trimmings, &c., &c., which for variety, excellence and cheapness cannot be surpassed in this market.

RECOLLECT, that although there is a great rush to Schick's for bargains, all can be accommodated. No trouble to show Goods. Therefore call in, and examine the largest, richest and cheapest stock you ever laid your eyes on.

April 20.

COUNTRY MECHANICS!

The Apple Harvest of 1857 has arrived.

AND if you wish to make money, please call on your customers, and save yourselves the trouble of making one or two and even three hundred dollars per month from supplying the goods in your town and country, which you ought to sell, you can do it by sending ten dollars for a sample box containing six of Pratt's Apple Parers (250,000 already sold) and Pratt's Apple Slicer (a new article), and one thousand printed circulars to distribute in your town and country. By so doing you will find no trouble in ordering and getting at a very large profit, twenty or even a hundred dozen machines during the season.

Pratt's Apple Parer, was patented in 1853. Having a loose head or knife carrier so arranged as to readily adjust itself to the inequalities of the surface of apples, or other fruit, the working qualities of which have proved so excellent and advantageous to the community, that the manufacturers, Messrs. Sargent & Foster, have already been called on to supply more than half a million machines.

Pratt's Apple Slicer, made to accompany the Parer, was patented in 1856. It is a small neatly constructed machine, and like its companion, the Parer, does most excellent work, cutting, in about five seconds, each apple into twenty-two equal parts, leaving, without waste, only a small core to be removed. A child can readily use either Parer or Slicer at a speed of about three bushels per hour.

Retail Price of Each \$1.50. All orders by mail or otherwise should, to meet prompt attention, be addressed to E. L. PRATT.

617 Sanson St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sept. 7.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

Twenty-five Copies Weekly

Or, The Forger Convicted.

JOHN S. DYE is the author, who has had long and extensive experience as a banker and publisher, and author of a series of lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle, when, for ten successive nights, over 50,000 people greeted him with rounds of applause, while he exhibited the manner in which counterfeiters execute their frauds, and the surest and shortest means of detecting them. The bank note engravers all say that he is the greatest judge of paper money living.

Greatest Security of the Present Century for Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes. described every genuine bill in existence, and exhibiting at a glance every counterfeit in circulation! arranged so admirably, that reference is easy and detection instantaneous. No index to examine! no pages to hunt up! but so simplified and arranged, that the merchant, banker and business man can see all at a glance.

ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN! thus each may read the same in his native tongue.

MOST PERFECT BANK NOTE LIST PUBLISHED. Also, A LIST OF All the Private Bankers in America.

A complete summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the important news of the day. Also, a series of Tales from an old manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the most complete

HISTORY OF ORIENTAL LIFE, describing the most perplexing positions in which the ladies and gentlemen of that country have been so often found. These stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the public.

Furnished weekly to subscribers only, at \$1 a year. All letters must be addressed to JOHN S. DYE, Broker.

Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall St., N. York. April 27.

LATEST ARRIVAL!

Another Large Stock of New Goods!—Cheap, Cheap, Cheap!

JACOBS & BROTHER have just received from Philadelphia a large lot of New Goods!—Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., &c., which they are prepared to sell cheaper than ever. Stop in and look at their assortment. You will find the newest styles of goods—as well as the latest Fashions for garments.

The Tailoring branch attended to, as heretofore. Good work and warranted to fit! Gottysburg, March 23.

A FACT—MONEY SAVED by buying your Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes at BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH'S.

LADIES' Gaiters, Buckskins and Sandals for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH'S.

Don't forget to call at SCHICK'S, all ye who wish to purchase choice articles of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Soaps, and everything else in that line.

HOW IS IT THAT

MARCUS SAMSON

CAN sell cheaper than anybody else? Because he buys at auction, for CASH.

Look at his

HATS that he sells hundreds of. Gentlemen who have bought an "paid for such hats from \$3.50 to \$4.00—but Samson sells them at \$2.25.

And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction. Look at his

BOOTS & SHOES, look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from \$3.00 to \$4.50, he sells at \$1.87 1/2 to \$2.87 1/2. And why? Because he bought at auction. Look at his

CLOTHING, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants, and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from \$1.75 to \$2.00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction. Also, Black Summer Cloth

COAT, PANTS AND VEST he sells for \$3.00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above. I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or a pair of Gaiters. Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from \$1.12 1/2 to \$1.75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, his stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinner and refreshment, and you will never regret the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap, One-Price Store of MARCUS SAMSON.

July 13. Opposite the Bank.

Consumption Conquered!

HAVING profited by the experience of nineteen years, as nurse in the Pulmonary department in one of the principal Hospitals of the city of London, I am enabled to offer to most fatal of all diseases, Consumption.

I long ago became convinced that *drugging* the stomach, for effect upon the Lungs, was an absurdity; and, that the only way to reach them was, through INHALATION. Inhalation enters the lungs through the air passages, coming in direct contact with the vessels, resins, phlegm, and cough, neutralizes and dissolves the tubercular matter, causing a free and easy expectoration, and rapidly healing the lungs, producing strength, cheerfulness and speedy recovery. I have effected many remarkable cures of the Lungs and Throat, and can safely assert that Consumption may be restored to vigorous health, and frequently even pronounced in the last stages.

That I have been successful in my experiments, I give the following extract from the London "Medical Advocate" as evidence: Mrs. Wilson, late principal nurse in the city Hospital, and discoverer and inventor of the Consumptive Inhaler—a discovery in the medical world of more value to mankind than all the gold mines of Australia and California—she writes, having long been in the city, "where her only son has made his home. 'The many Consumptives restored to health by her valuable discovery, on this side of the Atlantic, will, we feel assured, ever remember her as their savior in this world.'"

To enable all to obtain the INHALER, I have set its price at the extreme and low sum of *Five Dollars*; on the receipt of which, and address of the applicant, I will send it, with directions, by Mail or Express.

Address Mrs. MARY WILSON, No. 16 Woolwich street, below Federal, Philadelphia. March 16.

Health Depends on Pure Blood.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS

PURIFY THE BLOOD! NO DISEASE CAN RESIST THEIR VIGOROUS EFFECT.

MR. operation with successful effect. The peculiarity of Brandreth's Pills. Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile, at this season, and it is dangerous as it is prevalent, but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use we prevent the collection of those impurities, which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the health. They soon cure liver complaint, dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, heart burn, pain in the breast, biliary flatulency and costiveness. In brief, Brandreth's Pills work their way to the very roots of the disease, cleansing in their passage, removing every unhealthy accumulation till the blood is purified, the whole system renovated, and the functions and duty of life become a pleasure, where before they had been sad and weary toils. Often when nothing has been relieved by the most serious character, whether from sick-stomach or otherwise, where the retching has been appalling, a single dose of four

Brandreth's Pills has at once cured, and the patient has fallen into a sweet sleep. When the mind cannot collect itself, when the memory fails; when sleep is broken and our waking hours harassed with forebodings of evil, then Brandreth's Pills should be used. If these warnings remain unheeded, rheumatism, consumption, disease of the heart, bilious affections, jaundice, dropsies, piles, apoplexies and costiveness will suddenly present themselves. Those Brandreth's Pills would have prevented, but nevertheless these they will also cure. Use them at once; do not let the epidemic prevent the use of this simple but potent remedy.

Brandreth's Theory of Disease. Never extract blood. Blood is the life—By abstracting it in painful diseases you may occasion the patient's ease, but remember, this case is only the reduction or lessening the power to feel. And by thus taking away nature's tools, you may prevent her from fully repairing the ravages of inflammation, and convert what might only have been the sickness of a few days or weeks into a chronic affection of months and years.

Brandreth's Pills accord with Nature. Nature's remedy is fast. When sudden, acute or continued pain occurs from any cause, then to insure a quick return to health, you must use Brandreth's Pills, which will soon relieve every organ from undue pressure, and remove those humors whose presence often occasions such terrible suffering.

Before the World 106 Years. Twenty million boxes sold and the sphere of their usefulness still extending. Ask for almanack and pamphlet of cures. Agents will supply gratis.

Beware—All pills with "44 Broadway" on side label are counterfeits. Get the genuine and they will never deceive.

JOHN HOKK, Agent. July 13.

TRUNKS—A large lot of Trunks and Carpet Bags on hand, which will be sold low to make room at SAMSON'S.

DRESS TRIMMINGS of all kinds can be had at SCHICK'S, as cheap as the cheapest, if not a little cheaper.

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS & UMBRELLAS for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

LAWSON HAND.—Silk and Satin Hats of every description, and for sale cheap, at BRINGMAN & AUGENBAUGH'S.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 23d of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: I, HENRY THOMAS, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a

GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, on the Second Tuesday of October next, (the 13th,) in the several Districts, composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Peter Lingenfelter, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of Widow Miley, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Lattimore and Huntington, at the house of Caleb B. Hildebrand, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonburg and Liberty, at the Public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by David Newcomer, in the town of East Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of McAllen, in the Public School-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Strasburg, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Lutterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house formerly occupied by Jacob Stallmuth, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowingo, at the house of John Bushey, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Samuel Sadler, in Hildersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of Geo. Snyder, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the public School-house, in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Lutterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the public School-house in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School-house in Abbotsburg.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected One Governor of Pennsylvania;

Two Judges of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania;

One Canal Commissioner of Pennsylvania;

One Member of Assembly;

One Sheriff;

One Prothonotary;

One Clerk of the Courts;

One Register and Recorder;

One County Commissioner;

One County Auditor;

One Director of the Poor;

One Coroner.

Also, to vote For or Against the following Amendments of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house of the Legislature, at two successive sessions of the same, each amendment to be voted for separately, and the tickets to be labelled on the outside, "First Amendment," "Second Amendment," "Third Amendment," and "Fourth Amendment," and containing on the inside thereof the words, "For the Amendment," or "Against the Amendment," the said tickets to be deposited in separate boxes and separately returned.

(See resolutions in following column.)

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled "An act relative to voting at elections in Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, viz:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same—that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at an election on any slip or ticket: Provided, That the office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Attention is also directed to the following section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An act to provide for the election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for representatives are or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors, and other officers; and the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and its several supplements, and all other like laws, as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to apply to the election for Judges: Provided, That the aforesaid elections shall vote for judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper.

ALSO.—In and by virtue of the 34th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, or is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

ALSO.—That in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to elections, and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 18th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the act of the General Assembly of this State aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet on the third day after the election, which shall be on Friday the 16th of October aforesaid, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes, which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams for any persons for the offices aforesaid.

HENRY THOMAS, Sheriff of the County of Adams, Gettysburg, Sept. 14, 1857.

RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY MET, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

FIRST AMENDMENT. There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XI. OF PUBLIC DEBTS. SECTION 1. The State may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by the State, or by any of its officers, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present out-money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.